# Accountability Plan Progress Reports <br> for the 2006-07 School Year 

Reader's Guide<br>SUNY Authorized Charter Schools

As set forth in the Practices, Policies and Procedures for the Renewal of Charter Schools Authorized by the State University Board of Trustees, the single most important factor that the Charter Schools Institute and the State University Board of Trustees consider in making renewal determinations is the school's record in generating successful student achievement outcomes. In order to determine whether a school has met that high standard, each charter school that the State University Board of Trustees authorizes is required to enter into an accountability agreement, known as an Accountability Plan, which ultimately becomes part of its charter.

The Charter Schools Institute closely monitors each school's progress toward achieving the goals outlined in its Accountability Plan.

In addition, as part of its annual reporting requirements, each SUNY authorized charter school must submit an Accountability Plan Progress Report which, from its vantage point, addresses each of the goals and outcome measures contained in its Accountability Plan. The information presented in these Progress Reports constitutes important evidence that a school is keeping its promises to its students, parents and community, and is critical to making its case for renewal at the end of its charter period. The most important parts of Progress Reports are student achievement results on state exams and other assessments. However, not all schools will have tested grade levels for a particular state exam. Each year, the state administers English language arts and mathematics tests to $3^{\text {rd }}$ through $8^{\text {th }}$ grade, science tests to the $4^{\text {th }}$ and $8^{\text {th }}$ grades, and social studies tests to the $5^{\text {th }}$ and $8^{\text {th }}$ grades.

Important Note: The Accountability Plan Progress Report is authored by the charter school. In reporting school progress toward meeting the outcome measures set forth in the Accountability Plan, schools are encouraged to build a case for the effectiveness of their program, and to lay the groundwork for writing a Renewal Application and ultimately for charter renewal. The school's evaluation of its own progress does not necessarily reflect the conclusions of the Institute. Further, the Institute does not affirm the completeness or accuracy of the report's data and may not endorse the school's characterization of the progress it has made toward achieving its Accountability Plan goals. Throughout the life of the school's charter, the Institute will visit each school, generating Institute School Visit Reports, and at the end of each charter period, a Renewal Report (select the <back> button in your browser to return to the school profile to see any/all available reports). These reports include detailed summaries of the Institute's observations of the school, as well as its evaluation of student performance and progress toward meeting the academic subject goals in its Accountability Plan.

Carl C. Icahn Charter School

## Accountability Plan Progress Report, 2006-07

Submitted on: July 30, 2007

## Academic Goals

## English Language Arts

Goal: Students will become proficient readers of the English language.

## Absolute Proficiency: 2006-2007 NYS ELA

## Absolute Proficiency: 2006-2007 NYS ELA (Measure 1)

Each year, 75 percent of 3-8 graders who are enrolled in at least their second year by the time of NYS test administration will perform at or above Level 3 on the New York State ELA examination.

## A. Method:

Third, fourth, fifth, sixth and seventh grade CCICS students took the ELA exam in January 2007. The exam is a cumulative assessment, measuring student mastery of skills and knowledge during the course of their schooling. CCICS has set an ambitious criterion of success for this measure. As such, performance is measured in terms of students who have been at CCICS for at least two years-long enough to expect to see the distinct effects of the CCICS instructional program on student achievement.

The table below summarizes participation information for the January 2007 test administration. ${ }^{1}$ The table indicates total enrollment and total number of students tested. It also provides a detailed breakdown of those students excluded from the exam. Note that this table includes all students according to grade level, even if they have been enrolled for fewer than two years.

| Year |  | Number of Students Tested in Grades 3-7 |  | Total <br> Enrolled |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Grade(s) | Not Tested <br> Absent | Total Tested |  |
|  | 3 | 0 | 36 | 36 |
|  | 4 | 0 | 33 | 33 |
|  | 5 | 0 | 33 | 33 |
|  | 6 | 0 | 30 | 36 |
|  | 7 | 0 | 36 | 168 |
|  | All | 0 | 168 |  |

[^0]
## B. Results:

The following table presents the test results for all students and for those students who were enrolled in at least their second year during the NYS ELA Exam. Again, the outcome measure addresses only the performance of students in their second year at CCICS.

| Year | Population | \# of Third Through Seventh Grade Students at Each Performance Level |  |  |  |  | Number Tested |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 4 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Levels } \\ 3 \& 4 \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  | All Students | 1 | 31 | 122 | 14 | 136 | 168 |
| 2007 | Students in at least $2^{\text {nd }}$ Year | 0 | 24 | 99 | 14 | 113 | 137 |

The following chart shows the performance of CCICS students in third through seventh grades who have been enrolled in at least their second year. ${ }^{2}$


In 2007, 82 percent of this group of students performed at or above Level 3 (proficient) on the New York State English Language Arts Assessment (ELA).

[^1]
## C. Evaluation

This result is above the measure's requirement that at least 75 percent of the students perform at or above Level 3 in all grades. The following chart presents the performance of each of the tested grades.


## Absolute Proficiency: 2006-2007 NYS ELA (Measure 2)

Each year, the school's aggregate Performance Index on the State ELA exam will meet its Annual Measurable Objective set forth in the State's No Child Left Behind (NCLB) accountability system.

## A. Method

Under the current federal elementary and secondary education law, the No Child Left Behind Act (NCLB), public schools are expected to enable all students to meet state performance standards. In New York State, the standard is met by showing that an absolute proportion of students who have taken the state's ELA exam have scored at a partially proficient, proficient, or advanced performance level (Levels 2, 3, and 4). The specified proportion is called the Performance Index (PI). The Annual Measurable Objective (AMO) ${ }^{3}$ is the PI value that signifies that tested students in the aggregate are

[^2]making satisfactory progress toward the goal that all students will be proficient in the State's ELA performance standard by 2013-14.

The Performance Index is based on the following calculation:
PI $=$ (percent of students at Levels $2+3+4$ ) + (percent of students at Levels 3+4)
It is based on all students taking the January 2007 ELA examination, not only continuously enrolled students.

## B. Results

The following table shows the calculation for CCICS's aggregate Performance Index on the 2007 state ELA exam.

|  |  | Percent of Students at Each Performance Level |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Grades | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 4 | (N) |
| 2007 | $3-7$ | 1 | 18 | 73 | 8 | 168 |

```
PI = 18 + }\begin{array}{lllllll}{73}&{+}&{8}&{+}&{}\\{73}&{+}&{8}&{=}&{\mathbf{180}}
```


## C. Evaluation

In 2007, CCICS’s aggregate Performance Index (PI) of 180 exceeded the 2007 AMO for elementary-middle schools of 122 on the state's ELA exam. Thus, CCICS met the measure in 2006-07.

## Comparative Proficiency on State Exams: 2006-2007 NYS ELA

## Comparative Proficiency on State Exams: 2006-2007 NYS ELA (Measure 1)

Each year, the percent of students who are enrolled in at least their second year by the time of NYS test administration and performing at or above Level 3 on the State ELA exam in each tested grade will be greater than that of the local school district.

## A. Method

CCICS tested-students who were enrolled in at least their second year are compared to all tested students in the surrounding district. Comparisons are between the result of each grade in which CCICS had tested students and the result of the respective grades districtwide, as well as between the total result at CCICS and the total result for the corresponding grades in the district. ${ }^{4}$

[^3]
## B. Results

The following table shows the percent of applicable CCICS students scoring at or above Level 3 in comparison to the percent of comparable students district-wide.

| Year | Grades | Percent of Students in CCCS and District \# 9 at <br> Levels 3 \& 4, By Tested Grades |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | CCICS Students <br> Enrolled in their Second <br> Year | District \# 9 <br> All tested students |
|  | 3 | 81 | 39 |
|  | 4 | 90 | 40 |
|  | 5 | 80 | 33 |
|  | 6 | 87 | 37 |
|  | 7 | 74 | 31 |
|  | Total | $\mathbf{8 3}$ | $\mathbf{3 7}$ |
| (N) | $\mathbf{1 3 7}$ | 14,876 |  |

The percent of CCICS applicable students scoring at or above Level 3 was greater than that of District 9 for all grades. The percent of CCICS applicable students in all grades combined scoring at or above Level 3 was greater than that of the corresponding grades combined in District 9 .

## C. Evaluation

CCICS has met the measure in 2007 by having a higher percent overall and by grade in comparison to the local district.

## Comparative Proficiency on State Exams: 2006-2007 NYS ELA (Measure 2)

Each year, the school will exceed its expected level of performance on the State ELA exam by at least a small Effect Size (performing higher than expected to small degree) according to a regression analysis controlling for students eligible for free lunch among all public schools in New York State. ${ }^{5}$

## A. Method

The Charter Schools Institute has conducted a Comparative Performance Analysis, which provides a comparative measure of student performance on state tests, using a regression analysis that controls for students eligible for free lunch among all public schools in New York State. CCICS's actual percent of students at or above Level 3 is compared to a predicted level of performance (a specified projection of the percent of students who should score at or above Level 3) based on the test performance and free-lunch statistics of all public schools. The difference between our attained and expected performance, relative to other schools with similar free-lunch statistics produces an Effect Size.

The following page contains the results for 2006, provided by the Institute. The 2006

[^4]Comparative Performance Analysis is incorporated into this year's Progress Report, as it is one of the school's Accountability Plan measures. We wish to note that our percent of free/reduced lunch for the 2005-2006 school year was 90 percent, rather than the 76 percent indicated on the CSI analysis. Once corrected, our scores will reflect a significantly higher Effect Size for each grade.
B. Results for 2006

In 2006, according to the analysis which appears on the following page, the actual percent of CCICS students at or above Level 3 (82.5), given the percent of free-lunch eligible students was higher than expected to a large degree than the predicted percent of CCICS students at or above Level 3 (46.8). Because the actual is greater than the predicted results, CCICS met this measure.

## C. Evaluation

As CCICS did extremely well, it exceeded the measure, which requires that schools perform higher than expected at least to a small degree. The report indicates that the Effect Size was (1.90), higher than the measure's goal of ( 0.30 to .49). CCICS met the measure.

## Comparative Performance Analysis <br> New York State 2006 English Language Arts (ELA) Examination

## Carl C. Icahn Charter School

The chart below displays how the charter school students in each grade performed compared to students in public schools in New York State with the same grade and a similar population of free-lunch-eligible students.

| Grade | Percent of <br> Free Lunch <br> Eligible <br> Students | Number of <br> Students <br> Tested | Percent of Students <br> at Levels 3\&4 |  | Difference <br> between Actual <br> and Predicted | Effect Size |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## School's Overall Comparative Performance: <br> Higher Than Expected to a Large Degree

## Glossary

Grade - Grades in which the state exam was administered in 2006.
Percent of Free Lunch Eligible Students - Percent reported by the State Education Department, which will appear in 2005-06.School Report Cards.

Actual Percent of Students at Levels 3\&4 - Percent reported by the State Education Department in October 2006.

Predicted Percent of Students at Levels 3\&4 - Calculated after performing a regression to measure the effect of a school's free lunch population on its performance in each tested grade, based on all public schools in New York State, including charter schools, with the same tested grade in 2005-06. (The percent predicted for all grades is weighted by the number of students tested in each grade.)

Effect Size - A statistical measure calculated by dividing the difference between the actual and predicted outcome by the standard deviation difference. It reflects the difference between a school's attained and expected performance in each tested grade, relative to other schools with similar free-lunch statistics and tested grade. (The Effect Size for all grades is weighted by the number of students tested in each grade.)

School's Overall Comparative Performance - Based on the following Effect Size ranges:

| Above 0.79 | Higher than expected to a large degree |
| :---: | :--- |
| 0.50 to 0.79 | Higher than expected to a medium degree |
| 0.30 to 0.49 | Higher than expected to a small degree |
| -0.29 to 0.29 | About the same as expected |
| -0.30 to -0.49 | Lower than expected to a small degree |
| -0.50 to -0.79 | Lower than expected to a medium degree |
| Below -0.79 | Lower than expected to a large degree |

## Comparative Proficiency on State Exams: 2006-2007 NYS ELA (Measure 3)

Each year, the percent of students performing at or above Level 3 on the State ELA exam in each tested grade will be greater than that of the following similar schools: CS: 4,42,55 MS: 313, 339
A. Method: CCICS tested-students are compared matched to all tested students in the surrounding similar schools. Comparisons are between the result of each grade in which CCICS had tested students and the result of the respective grades in the surrounding schools.
B. Results: As illustrated in the table below the percent of CCICS students scoring at or above Level 3 was greater than that of the surrounding schools for all grades. The percent of CCICS students in all grades combined scoring at or above Level 3 was greater than that of the corresponding grades combined in each surrounding school.

| 2006-2007 NYS ELA Percent Level 3 or higher |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (All Students) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| School | CS | 4 | CS | CS | MS | MS |
| Grade 3 | 29 | 33 | 55 | 313 | 339 | CCICS |
| Grade 4 | 34 | 12 | 13 |  |  | $\mathbf{7 8}$ |
| Grade 5 | 16 | 0 | 7 |  |  | $\mathbf{9 1}$ |
| Grade 6 | 33 |  |  | 7 | 9 | $\mathbf{8 3}$ |
| Grade 7 | 32 |  |  | 6 | 8 | $\mathbf{7 5}$ |
| Total | 29 | 15 | 10 | 7 | 9 | $\mathbf{8 1}$ |

## C．Evaluation：

This result is above the measure＇s requirement that the percent of CCICS students perform at or above Level 3 will be greater than that of the local school in all grades． The following chart presents the performance of each of the local schools and CCICS．

NYS ELA Exam Comparison to Similiar Schools

$\square P S \# 4$ ロPS\＃ 42 ロPS\＃ 55 ロMS 313 ■MS 339 ロCCICS

## Value Added to Student Learning：2006－2007 NYS ELA

Each year，grade－level cohorts of students will reduce by one－half the gap between the percent at or above Level 3 on the previous year＇s State ELA exam and 75 percent at or above Level 3 on the current year＇s State ELA exam．${ }^{6}$

## A．Method：

During 2006－2007，the school administered the NYS ELA exam to grades three，four， five and six．For the purpose of measuring the value added goal above，the school will use the above grades NYS ELA exam to compare year to year results on closing the gap on previous year＇s State ELA exam and 75 percent at or above level 3 on the current year＇s State ELA exam．

## B．Results：

As illustrated in the table below，the percent of CCICS cohort students scoring at or above Level 3 has increased in two out of the four testing grades．Three out of the four grades posted higher than the 75 percent required measurement．The seventh grade cohort students did not show an increase from the 2006 to the 2007 ELA state exam， posting a 72.7 percent pass rate for both years．

[^5]| 2007 ELA Cohort Results |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Percent at Levels 3 \& 4 |  |
| Cohort | Num. <br> in <br> Cohort | $2005-06$ <br> Results | 2006-07 <br> Results |
| $3-4$ | 33 | $84.8 \%$ | $90.9 \%$ |
| $4-5$ | 30 | $93.3 \%$ | $80.0 \%$ |
| $5-6$ | 26 | $80.8 \%$ | $88.5 \%$ |
| $6-7$ | 33 | $72.7 \%$ | $72.7 \%$ |
| Total | 122 | $82.8 \%$ | $82.8 \%$ |

## C. Evaluation

CCICS was able to meet the goal for the fourth, fifth and sixth grades as each grade posted higher than the 75 percent measurement. Although the 75 percent measure was met, we recognize that the 5th grade did not show an increase from the previous year. We also recognize that due to the new staff assigned to the 5th grade, a greater emphasis on professional development was needed.
Since the seventh grade did not meet the 75 percent measure, it was expected they reach 73.85 percent in 2007 and the measure was not met by 1.58 percent as illustrated on the table below.

| Closing the Gap |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| NYS ELA Exam Administration | Percent Levels 3 or Higher |
|  | Grade 7 ( $\mathrm{N}=33$ ) |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Actual 2005-2006 } \\ \text { score (X) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 72.7 |
| Target 2007 Score $([75-x] \div 2)+x$ | 73.85 |
| Actual 2007 Score | 72.27 |
| Met Target for 2007? | No |

## Mathematics

Goal: Students will demonstrate steady progress in the understanding and application of mathematical skills and concepts.

## Absolute Proficiency: 2006-2007 NYS MATHEMATICS

## Absolute Proficiency: 2006-2007 NYS MATHEMATICS (Measure 1)

Each year, 75 percent of 3rd - 8th graders who are enrolled in at least their second year by the time of NYS test administration will perform at or above Level 3 on the New York State Mathematics examination.

## A. Method:

Third, fourth, fifth, sixth and seventh grade CCICS students took the Mathematics exam in March 2007. The exam is a cumulative assessment, measuring student mastery of skills and knowledge during the course of their schooling. CCICS has set an ambitious criterion of success for this measure. As such, performance is measured in terms of students who have been at CCICS for at least two years-long enough to expect to see the distinct effects of the CCICS instructional program on student achievement.

The table below summarizes participation information for the March 2007 test administration. ${ }^{7}$ The table indicates total enrollment and total number of students tested. No students were excluded from the test.. Note that this table includes all students according to grade level, even if they have been enrolled for fewer than two years.

| Year | Grade(s) | Number of Students Tested in Grades 3-7 |  | Total Enrolled |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Not Tested Absent | Total Tested |  |
| 2007 | 3 | 0 | 36 | 36 |
|  | 4 | 0 | 33 | 33 |
|  | 5 | 0 | 32 | 32 |
|  | 6 | 0 | 30 | 30 |
|  | 7 | 0 | 36 | 36 |
|  | All | 0 | 167 | 167 |

## B. Results:

The following table presents the test results for all students and for those students who were enrolled in at least their second year during the NYS Mathematics Exam. Again, the outcome measure addresses only the performance of students in their second year at CCICS.

| Population | \# of Third Through Seventh Grade Students at Each Performance Level |  |  |  |  |  |  | Number <br> Tested |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 4 | Levels <br> $3 \& 4$ | Then |  |  |
| Students | 0 | 4 | 110 | 53 | 163 | 167 |  |  |
| Students <br> in at least <br> $2^{\text {nd }}$ Year | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

The following chart shows the performance of CCICS students in third through seventh grades who have been enrolled in at least their second year. ${ }^{8}$

[^6]

In 2007, 98 percent of this group of students performed at or above Level 3 (proficient) on the New York State Mathematics Assessment.

## C. Evaluation

This result is above the measure's requirement that at least 75 percent of the students perform at or above Level 3 in all grades. The following chart presents the performance of each of the tested grades. CCICS met the measure.


## Absolute Proficiency: 2006-2007 NYS MATHEMATICS (Measure 2)

Each year, the school's aggregate Performance Index on the State math exam will meet its Annual Measurable Objective set forth in the State's No Child Left Behind (NCLB) accountability system.

## A. Method

Under the current federal elementary and secondary education law, the No Child Left Behind Act (NCLB), public schools are expected to enable all students to meet state performance standards. In New York State, the standard is met by showing that an absolute proportion of students who have taken the state's Mathematics exam have scored at the partially proficient, proficient, or advanced performance levels (Levels 2, 3, and 4). The specified proportion is called the Performance Index (PI). The Annual Measurable Objective (AMO) ${ }^{9}$ is the PI value that signifies that tested students in the aggregate are making satisfactory progress toward the goal that all students will be proficient in the State's Mathematics performance standard by 2013-14.

The Performance Index is based on the following calculation: PI $=($ percent of students at Levels $2+3+4)+$ (percent of students at Levels 3+4)
It is based on all students taking the March 2007 Mathematics examination, not only continuously enrolled students.

## B. Results

The following table shows the calculation for CCICS's aggregate Performance Index on the 2007 state Mathematics exam.

|  |  | Percent of Students at Each Performance |  |  |  | Level |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| PI | $=$ | 2 | + | $\begin{gathered} 66 \\ 66 \end{gathered}$ | + + | $\begin{gathered} 32 \\ 32 \end{gathered}$ | + | 198 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## C. Evaluation

In 2007, CCICS’s aggregate Performance Index (PI) of 198 exceeded the 2007 AMO for elementary-middle schools of 86 on the state's math exam. Thus, CCICS met the measure in 2006-07.

[^7]
## Comparative Proficiency on State Exams: 2006-2007 NYS MATHEMATICS

## Comparative Proficiency on State Exams: 2006-2007 NYS MATHEMATICS (Measure 1)

Each year, the percent of students who are enrolled in at least their second year by the time of NYS test administration and performing at or above Level 3 on the State Math exam in each tested grade will be greater than that of the local school district.

## A. Method

CCICS tested-students who were enrolled in at least their second year are compared matched to all tested students in the surrounding district. Comparisons are between the result of each grade in which CCICS had tested students and the result of the respective grades district-wide, as well as between the total result at CCICS and the total result for the corresponding grades in the district. ${ }^{10}$

## B. Results

The following table shows the percent of applicable CCICS students scoring at or above Level 3 in comparison to the percent of comparable students district-wide.

| Year | Grades | Percent of Students in CCCS and District \# 9 at <br> Levels 3 \& 4, By Tested Grades |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | CCICS Students <br> Enrolled in their Second <br> Year | District \# 9 <br> All tested students |
|  | 3 | 100 | 71 |
|  | 4 | 94 | 60 |
|  | 5 | 100 | 48 |
|  | 6 | 100 | 45 |
|  | 7 | 97 | 37 |
|  | Total | $\mathbf{9 9}$ | $\mathbf{5 3}$ |
| (N) | 136 | 15,235 |  |

The percent of CCICS applicable students scoring at or above Level 3 was greater than that of District 9 for all grades. The percent of applicable CCICS students in all grades combined scoring at or above Level 3 was greater than that of the corresponding grades combined in District 9.

[^8]
## C. Evaluation

CCICS has met the measure in 2007 by having a higher percent overall and by grade in comparison to the local district. CCICS met the measure.

## Comparative Proficiency on State Exams: 2006-2007 NYS MATHEMATICS (Measure 2)

Each year, the school will exceed its expected level of performance on the State Math exam by at least a small Effect Size (performing higher than expected to small degree) according to a regression analysis controlling for students eligible for free lunch among all public schools in New York State. ${ }^{11}$

## A. Method

The Charter Schools Institute has conducted a Comparative Performance Analysis, which provides a comparative measure of student performance on state tests, using a regression analysis that controls for students eligible for free lunch among all public schools in New York State. CCICS's actual percent of students at or above Level 3 is compared to a predicted level of performance (a specified projection of the percent of students who should score at or above Level 3) based on the test performance and free-lunch statistics of all public schools. The difference between our attained and expected performance, relative to other schools with similar free-lunch statistics produces an Effect Size.

The following page contains the results for 2006, provided by the Institute. The 2006 Comparative Performance Analysis is incorporated into this year's Progress Report, as it is one of the school's Accountability Plan measures. We wish to note that our percent of free/reduced lunch for the 2005-2006 school year was 90 percent, rather than the 76 percent indicated on the CSI analysis. Once corrected, our scores will reflect a significantly higher Effect Size for each grade.

## B. Results for 2006

In 2006, according to the analysis which appears on the following page, the actual percent of CCICS students at or above Level 3 (82.5), given the percent of free-lunch eligible students was higher than expected to a large degree than the predicted percent of CCICS students at or above Level 3 (46.8).

## C. Evaluation

As CCICS did extremely better than expected, it exceeded the measure, which requires that schools perform higher than expected at least to a small degree. The report indicates that the Effect Size was (2.03), higher than the measure's goal of (0.3 to .49).

[^9]
## Comparative Performance Analysis

## New York State 2006 Mathematics Examination

Carl C. Icahn Charter School

The chart below displays how the charter school students in each grade performed compared to students in public schools in New York State with the same grade and a similar population of free-lunch-eligible students.

| Grade | Percent of Free Lunch Eligible Students | Number of Students Tested | Percent of Students at Levels 3\&4 |  | Difference between Actual and Predicted | Effect Size |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Actual | Predicted |  |  |
| 3 |  | 36 | 100.0 | 67.1 | 32.9 | 1.73 |
| 4 |  | 34 | 100.0 | 62.4 | 37.6 | 1.97 |
| 5 |  | 31 | 90.3 | 49.7 | 40.6 | 1.76 |
| 6 |  | 36 | 97.2 | 40.4 | 56.8 | 2.60 |
| All | 76.0 | 137 | 97.1 | 55.0 | 42.1 | 2.03 |

## School's Overall Comparative Performance: <br> Higher Than Expected to a Large Degree

## Glossary

Grade - Grades in which the state exam was administered in 2006.
Percent of Free Lunch Eligible Students - Percent reported by the State Education Department, which will appear in 2005-06.School Report Cards.

Actual Percent of Students at Levels 3\&4 - Percent reported by the State Education Department in October 2006.
Predicted Percent of Students at Levels 3\&4-Calculated after performing a regression to measure the effect of a school's free lunch population on its performance in each tested grade, based on all public schools in New York State, including charter schools, with the same tested grade in 2005-06. (The percent predicted for all grades is weighted by the number of students tested in each grade.)

Effect Size - A statistical measure calculated by dividing the difference between the actual and predicted outcome by the standard deviation difference. It reflects the difference between a school's attained and expected performance in each tested grade, relative to other schools with similar free-lunch statistics and tested grade. (The Effect Size for all grades is weighted by the number of students tested in each grade.)

School's Overall Comparative Performance - Based on the following Effect Size ranges:

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { Above 0.79 } & \text { Higher than expected to a large degree } \\
0.50 \text { to } 0.79 & \text { Higher than expected to a medium degree } \\
0.30 \text { to } 0.49 & \text { Higher than expected to a small degree } \\
-0.29 \text { to } 0.29 & \text { About the same as expected } \\
-0.30 \text { to }-0.49 & \text { Lower than expected to a small degree } \\
-0.50 \text { to }-0.79 & \text { Lower than expected to a medium degree } \\
\text { Below }-0.79 & \text { Lower than expected to a large degree }
\end{array}
$$

Comparative Proficiency on State Exams: 2006-2007 NYS MATHEMATICS (Measure 3) Each year, the percent of students performing at or above Level 3 on the State Math exam in
each tested grade will be greater than that of the following similar schools:
CS: 4, 42, 55 MS: 313, 319

## A. Method:

CCICS tested-students are comparison matched to all tested students in the surrounding similar schools. Comparisons are between the result of each grade in which CCICS had tested students and the result of the respective grades in the surrounding schools.

## B. Results:

As illustrated in the table below the percent of CCICS students scoring at or above Level 3 was greater than that of the surrounding schools for all grades. The percent of CCICS students in all grades combined scoring at or above Level 3 was greater than that of the corresponding grades combined in each surrounding school.

| 2006-2007 NYS Math Percent Level 3 or higher |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (All Students) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| School | CS | CS | CS |  |  |  |
| 42 | 55 | MS 313 | MS 339 | CCICS |  |  |
| Grade 3 | 57 | 66 | 72 |  |  | 100 |
| Grade 4 | 60 | 73 | 66 |  |  | 94 |
| Grade 5 | 19 | 49 | 51 |  |  | 97 |
| Grade 6 | 47 |  |  | 21 | 37 | 100 |
| Grade 7 | 34 |  |  | 23 | 15 | 97 |
| Total | 43 | 63 | 63 | 22 | 26 | 98 |

## C. Evaluation:

This result is above the measure's requirement that the percent of CCICS students perform at or above Level 3 will be greater than that of the local school in all grades. The following chart presents the performance of each of the local schools and CCICS.

NYS Mathematics Exam Comparison to Similiar Schools


## Value Added to Student Learning: 2006-2007 NYS MATHEMATICS

Each year, grade-level cohorts of students will reduce by one-half the gap between the percent at or above Level 3 on the previous year's State Math exam and 75 percent at or above Level 3 on the current year's State Math exam. ${ }^{12}$

## A. Method:

During 2006-2007, the school administered the NYS Mathematics exam to grades three, four, five, six and seven. For the purpose of measuring the value added goal above, the school will use the above grades NYS Mathematics exam to compare year to year results on closing the gap on previous year's State Mathematics exam and 75 percent at or above level 3 on the current year's State Mathematics exam.

## B. Results:

As illustrated in the table below, CCICS has demonstrated a consistency over the past three years in which all students reach level 3 or higher on the NYS Mathematics exam.

| 2007 Math Cohort Results |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Percent at Levels 3 \& 4 |  |
| Cohort | Num. in <br> Cohort | $2005-06$ <br> Results | $2006-07$ <br> Results |
| $3-4$ | 32 | $100.0 \%$ | $93.8 \%$ |
| $4-5$ | 29 | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |
| $5-6$ | 26 | $92.3 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |
| $6-7$ | 33 | $97.0 \%$ | $97.0 \%$ |
| Total | 120 | $97.5 \%$ | $97.5 \%$ |

## C. Evaluation

Although cohorts students in all grades did extremely well, we do recognize that the $3-4$ grade cohort students dropped from 100 percent to 93.8 percent in level 3 or higher. Seventh grade remained at the $97.5 \%$ pass rate. CCICS will continue its hard efforts to have all students reach level 3 or higher in the NYS Mathematics exam.

## Science

Goal: Students will demonstrate competency in the understanding and application of scientific reasoning.

[^10]
## Absolute Proficiency

Each year, 75 percent of fourth and eighth graders who are enrolled in at least their second year by the time of NYS test administration will perform at or above Level 3 on the New York State Science examination.

## A. Method:

Fourth grade CCICS students took the NYS Science exam in May 2007. The exam is a cumulative assessment, measuring student mastery of skills and knowledge during the course of their schooling. CCICS has set an ambitious criterion of success for this measure. As such, performance is measured in terms of students who have been at CCICS for at least two years-long enough to expect to see the distinct effects of the CCICS instructional program on student achievement. No students were excluded from the exam.
B. Results: As illustrated below, we exceeded our goal of $75 \%$, with a total cohort achievement Level 3-4 of 91\% and 97\%, respectively.
(2006-07 NYS Science test results)

| NYS Science |  | Level 1 |  | Level 2 |  | Level 3 |  | Level 4 |  | Level 3 \& 4 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \# of students | \# | \% | \# | \% | \# | \% | \# | \% | \# | \% |
| Entire 4th Grade | 33 | 0 | 0\% | 3 | 9\% | 10 | 30\% | 20 | 61\% | 30 | 91\% |
| 4th Grade Cohort | 32 | 0 | 0\% | 3 | 9\% | 10 | 31\% | 19 | 60\% | 29 | 91\% |

C. Evaluation: Our school continues to perform strong in the area of Science. We are unable to provide a comparative analysis with our district since their scores are unavailable at this time.
(Year to year comparison of NYS Science test results)

|  | Percentage of Level 3 \& 4 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NYS Science Test | 2003-04 | 2004-05 | 2005-06 | 2006-07 | \% Change from 05-06 to 06-07 |
| Entire 4th Grade | 85\% | 90\% | 100\% | 91\% | -9 |
| 4th Grade Cohort | 75\% | 95\% | 100\% | 91\% | -9 |

## Comparative Proficiency on State Exams: 2006-2007

## Comparative Proficiency on State Exams: 2006-2007 (Measure 1)

Each year, the percent of students who are enrolled in at least their second year by the time of NYS test administration and performing at or above Level 3 on the State Science exam will be greater than that of the local school district.

## A. Method

CCICS students in at least their second year by the time of NYS test administration are compared to all tested students in the local school district \# 9. Comparisons are between the result of the 4th grade cohort students and the result of local school District \#9.

## B. Results

Our school continues to perform strongly in the area of Science. We are unable to provide a comparative analysis with our district since their scores are unavailable at this time.

## C. Evaluation

N/A

Comparative Proficiency on State Exams: 2006-2007 (Measure 2)
Each year, the percent of students performing at or above Level 3 on the State Science exam grade will be greater than that of the following schools:
CS: 4, 42, 55 MS: 313, 319

## A. Method

CCICS tested-students are compared to all tested students in the surrounding similar schools. Comparisons are between the result of the 4th grade in which CCICS had tested students and the result of the respective grades in similar schools.

## B. Results

Our school continues to perform strongly in the area of Science. We are unable to provide a comparative analysis with our district since their scores are unavailable at this time.

## C. Evaluation

N/A

## Social Studies

Goal: Students will demonstrate a thorough understanding of Social Studies and the impact of history on modern day.

## Absolute Proficiency

Each year, 75 percent of fifth and eighth graders who are enrolled in at least their second year by the time of NYS test administration will perform at or above Level 3 on the New York State Social Studies examination.

## A. Method:

Fifth grade CCICS students took the NYS Social Studies exam in November 2005. The exam is a cumulative assessment, measuring student mastery of skills and knowledge during the course of their schooling. CCICS has set an ambitious criterion of success for this measure. As such, performance is measured in terms of students who have been at CCICS for at least two years-long enough to expect to see the distinct effects of the CCICS instructional program on student achievement. No students were excluded from the exam.

## B. Results:

As illustrated below, we exceeded our goal of 75\%, with a cohort achievement Level 3-4 of 100\%.
(2006-2007 NYS Social Studies test results)

| NYS Social Studies Test |  | Level 1 |  | Level 2 |  | Level 3 |  | Level 4 |  | Level 3 \& 4 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \# of students | \# | \% | \# | \% | \# | \% | \# | \% | \# | \% |
| Entire 5th Grade | 32 | 0 | 0\% | 1 | 3\% | 17 | 53\% | 14 | 44\% | 32 | 97\% |
| 5th Grade Cohort | 24 | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% | 17 | 71\% | 7 | 29\% | 24 | 100\% |

## C. Evaluation:

Our total percentage of all students and cohort students scoring in Levels 3-4 remained the same on a year to year comparison. Most importantly, our cohort demonstrated a $100 \%$ pass rate.
(Year to year comparison of NYS Social Studies test results)

|  | Percentage of Level 3 \& 4 |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NYS Social Studies Test | $2005-06$ | $2006-07$ | \% Change from 04-05 to 05-06 |
| Entire 5th Grade | $97 \%$ | $97 \%$ | $+0 \%$ |
| 5th Grade Cohort | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $+0 \%$ |

## Comparative Proficiency on State Exams: 2006-2007 NYS

## Comparative Proficiency on State Exams: 2006-2007 (Measure 1)

Each year, the percent of students who are enrolled in at least their second year by the time of NYS test administration and performing at or above Level 3 on the State Social Studies exam will be greater than that of the local school district.

## A. Method

CCICS Students in at least their second year by the time of NYS test administration are compared to all tested students in the local School district \# 9. Comparisons are between the result of the 5th grade cohort students and the result of local District \#9.

## B. Results

Our school continues to perform strongly in the area of Science. We are unable to provide a comparative analysis with our district since their scores are unavailable at this time.

## C. Evaluation

N/A
Comparative Proficiency on State Exams: 2006-2007 (Measure 2)

Each year, the percent of students performing at or above Level 3 on the State Social Studies exam grade will be greater than that of the following schools:
CS: 4, 42, 55 MS: 313, 319

## A. Method

CCICS tested-students are compared to all tested students in the surrounding similar schools. Comparisons are between the result of the 5th grade in which CCICS had tested students and the result of the respective grades in similar schools.

## B. Results

Our school continues to perform strongly in the area of Science. We are unable to provide a comparative analysis with our district since their scores are unavailable at this time.

## C. Evaluation

N/A

## Additional Required Academic Measure

Under the state's NCLB accountability system, the school’s Accountability Status will be "Good Standing" each year.

We began NYS testing in the 2003-04 school year and have consistently been recognized as "a school in good standing" since that time. To achieve this status of a "school in good standing", we had to meet the Annual Yearly Progress (AYP), thereby demonstrating that the children's achievement was in accordance with NCLB requirements. In fact, our achievement was significantly higher than the NCLB requirements and greatly exceeded the neighborhood schools.

We have received recognition from the NYSED Commissioner for High Performing/Gap Closing School for the 2004-05 and 2005-06 school years. Additionally, our school has been recognized as one seven charter schools in the nation for High Performing/Gap Closing, May 2007, by the U.S. Department of Education.

## Organizational Goals

## Parent and Student Satisfaction

Goal: Parents will demonstrate a strong support and commitment to the school.

## Parents

Each year, parents will express satisfaction with the school's program, based on the school's Parent Survey in which at least two-thirds of all parents ${ }^{13}$ provided a positive response to each of the survey items.

[^11]Goal: Students and parents will demonstrate a higher level of responsibility for their academic progress.

## A. Method

A parent survey is provided to all parents/guardians of students who attend CCICS. The survey contains fifteen (15) questions on the school's performance with options to select from A to D , with A equaling poor and D equaling excellent. After the collection of the surveys, all questions are tallied with notification of how many surveys were not returned to the school. Below is a copy of the survey provided to the parents/guardians.

## PARENT SURVEY JUNE 2007

Please mark each item next to the response that you feel is appropriate. Por favor poner una sena al lado de cada respuesta que sea apropiada para usted.

1. I feel welcome when I visit this school.

Me siento bien recibida(o) cuando visito la escuela.
a. Poor - nunca
c. Good - bien
b. Satisfactory - satisfactorio
d. Excellent - excelente
2. This school provides a safe environment for learning.

La escuela mantiene un ambiente seguro para que los estudiantes puedan aprender.
a. Poor - nunca
c. Good - bien
b. Satisfactory - satisfactorio
d. Excellent - excelente
3. My child has up-to-date instructional tools (books, computers, videos, etc.) that are used effectively.
Mi nina(o) tiene materiales instructivos de lo mas reciente (libros, computadoras, videos, etc.)que son utilizados efectivamente.
a. Poor - nunca
c. Good - bien
b. Satisfactory - satisfactorio
d. Excellent - excelente
4. The school holds high academic expectations for my child.

La escuela tiene esperanzas académicas de el nivel mas alto para mi niña(o).
a. Poor - nunca
c. Good - bien
b. Satisfactory - satisfactorio
d. Excellent - excelente
5. The school holds high expectations of discipline for my child.

La escuela tiene esperanzas de comportamiento de el nivel mas alto para mi nina(o).
a. Poor - nunca
c. Good - bien
b. Satisfactory - satisfactorio
d. Excellent-excelente
6. I regularly read progress reports and notices sent home from school. Yo regularmente leo los noticieros y cartas que la escuela me manda.
a. Poor - nunca
c. Good - bien
b. Satisfactory - satisfactorio
d. Excellent-excelente
7. Homework assignments are a valuable contribution to my child's learning.

Las tareas asignados son una contribución valerosa para la educación de mi niña(o).
a. Poor - nunca
c. Good - bien
b. Satisfactory - satisfactorio
d. Excellent-excelente
8. My child has enough supplies, materials, and text books to help with his/her studies. Mi niña(o) tiene suficiente materiales para ayudarle con su estudios.
a. Poor - nunca
c. Good - bien
b. Satisfactory - satisfactorio
d. Excellent-excelente
9. My child is receiving a quality education.

Mi niña(o) esta recibiendo una educación de alta calidad.
a. Poor - nunca
c. Good - bien
b. Satisfactory - satisfactorio
d. Excellent-excelente
10. The school keeps me informed about what goes on at the school.

La escuela me mantiene informada(o) de todo lo que sucede en la escuela.
a. Poor - nunca
c. Good - bien
b. Satisfactory - satisfactorio
d. Excellent - excelente
11. The school clearly tells me what the school's goals are.

La escuela me explica claramente lo que aspira lograr.
a. Poor - nunca
c. Good - bien
b. Satisfactory - satisfactorio
d. Excellent - excelente
12. School property and building are clean and well maintained.

La escuela y las aceras están limpias y bien mantenidas.
a. Poor - nunca
c. Good - bien
b. Satisfactory - satisfactorio
d. Excellent - excelente
13. I would like my younger children to attend this school.

Me gustaría que mis hijas/hijos menores asistieran esta escuela.
a. Poor - nunca
c. Good - bien
b. Satisfactory - satisfactorio
d. Excellent - excelente
14. I would recommend my child's school to other parents.

Yo recomendaría esta escuela a otros padres.
a. Poor - nunca
c. Good - bien
b. Satisfactory - satisfactorio
d. Excellent - excelente
15. My child's attendance is monitored by the school calling about absences. La escuela me llama cuando mi niña(o) a faltado clase.
a. Poor - nunca
c. Good - bien
b. Satisfactory - satisfactorio
d. Excellent-excelente

Current grade of my child
Grado presente de mi nina(o) $\qquad$
My child will be returning to this school.
Mi nina(o) regresara a esta escuela.


No $\qquad$
No $\qquad$
If no, please explain $\qquad$
Si su nina(o) no regresara, favor de explicar $\qquad$
Other Comments:
Otros Comentarios:

Results: As demonstrated by the responses, the percentage of respondents rating the school's academic program as good or excellent was $95 \%$. All respondents indicated that they would recommend their child's school to other parents and that their child will return to school, except for those who are moving out of state or have family issues that require movement to distant neighborhoods.

SURVEY TALLY FOR JUNE 2007

| QUESTIONS | POOR | SATISFACTORY | GOOD | EXCELLENT | N/A |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 6 | 35 | 92 | 143 | 1 |
| 2 | 0 | 16 | 69 | 192 | 0 |
| 3 | 1 | 15 | 75 | 185 | 1 |
| 4 | 0 | 7 | 49 | 217 | 4 |
| 5 | 0 | 19 | 72 | 185 | 1 |
| 6 | 0 | 8 | 61 | 208 | 0 |
| 7 | 3 | 10 | 50 | 214 | 0 |
| 8 | 0 | 10 | 66 | 201 | 0 |
| 9 | 0 | 5 | 50 | 220 | 2 |
| 10 | 1 | 23 | 71 | 182 | 0 |
| 11 | 1 | 14 | 78 | 180 | 4 |
| 12 | 0 | 6 | 61 | 208 | 2 |
| 13 | 1 | 6 | 39 | 205 | 25 |
| 14 | 1 | 6 | 43 | 226 | 0 |
| 15 | 1 | 10 | 41 | 222 | 2 |
| Total: | $\mathbf{1 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 0}$ | $\mathbf{9 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 9 8 8}$ | $\mathbf{4 2}$ |

## Good/Excellent $=$ 3,905

Percent Rated Good or Excellent =95\%
Evaluation: We were pleased with the increase in the number of parents who returned the survey. This year $100 \%$ returned the survey.

Ninety four percent (94\%) of our children are brought to school and picked up by their parents/guardians each day. The remaining six percent (6\%) arrive to school by bus. Therefore the great majority of parents/guardians have daily communication with the teachers and administration, affording them the opportunity to express their concerns.

Additionally, it is widely known that at Carl C. Icahn Charter School, "you cannot make an appointment to see the principal". Rather, the parents are urged to, "come in, have coffee in the lounge and as soon as the principal is available, he'll meet with you". This procedure reassures the parents and provides them with the security of knowing that their concerns will be addressed.

## Students

Each year, the school will have a daily student attendance rate of at least 90 percent.

## A. Method

When a child is absent, the school will contact the parent/guardian by 9:15 AM and will record the parent/guardian’s response for tracking purposes.

## B. Results:

Our close monitoring of student attendance with daily telephone calls to parents/guardians of absent children has once again brought about our high average daily
attendance to $95 \%$. We have exceeded the daily attendance of our neighborhood district by more than $5.3 \%$.

## Fiscal Soundness

Goal: Carl C. Icahn Charter School will maintain strong fiscal practices and effective, responsible decision-making.

## Budgeting

Each year, the school will operate on a balanced budget meaning actual revenues will equal or exceed actual expenses.

## A. Method:

Annually, the Board of Trustees approves a budget for CCICS.


## D. Evaluation:

For the 2006-2007 fiscal year, the school recorded a net loss of $\$ 63,438$. Although revenues were higher than expected, expenses also exceeded budget projections. This is due in part to hiring a new Assistant Principal and Guidance Counselor 6 months earlier than expected. The Board of Trustees agreed that these new positions are a vital step to ensure that our middle school students continue to thrive in our school. The school was able to provide all the necessary tools and resources to teachers and staff developers in order to accomplish the measures in the accountability plan and to sustain a high level of student achievement that we all strive for.

## Summary of Student Progress at CCICS

## ELA

Students will become proficient readers of the English Language

| ELA | Type | Test | Result |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $75 \%$ at Levels $3 \& 4$ | Absolute | State ELA exam | Met measure |
| Performance Index above AMO | Absolute | State ELA exam | Met measure |
| Outperform the district | Comparative | State ELA exam | Met Measure |
| Small Effect Size, controlling for <br> Free Lunch Percent | Comparative | State ELA exam | Met Measure |
| Outperform the local schools | Comparative | State ELA exam | Met Measure <br> Reduce by one-half the gap |
| Value-Added | State ELA exam | Measure not met in $7^{\text {th }}$ <br> grade. |  |

## Mathematics

Students will demonstrate steady progress in the understanding and application of Mathematics skills and concepts

| Mathematics | Type | Test | Result |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 75\% at Levels 3\&4 | Absolute | State Math <br> exam <br> State Math <br> exam <br> State Math <br> exam | Met measure |
| Outperform the district | Comparative | Met measure |  |
| Small Effect Size, controlling for <br> Free Lunch Percent | Comparative | State Math <br> exam | Met measure |
| Outperform the local schools | Comparative | State Math <br> exam <br> State Math <br> exam | Met Measure |
| Reduce by one-half the gap | Value-Added | Met measure |  |

## Science

Students will demonstrate competency in the understanding and application of scientific
reasoning.

| Science | Type | Test | Result |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 75\% at Levels 3\&4 | Absolute | State Science exam | Met measure |
| Outperform the district | Comparative | State Science exam | N/A |
| Outperform the local schools | Comparative | State Science exam | N/A |

## Social Studies

Students will demonstrate a through understanding of Social studies and the impact of history on modern day.

| Social Studies | Type | Test | Result |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $75 \%$ at Levels $3 \& 4$ | Absolute | State Social <br> Studies exam | Met measure |
| Outperform the district | Comparative | State Social <br> Studies exam <br> State Social <br> Otudies exam | N/A |

The student's achievement at CCICS has met all measures in all subject areas. Our achievement has significantly exceeded the neighborhood schools, as documented through out this report. Additionally, all but one required measures, including absolute, comparative, and value added have been met.

## Unique Programs

Carl C. Icahn Charter School is proud of its many unique programs. The School's primary focus is to provide a rigorous academic program so that the students will achieve at impressive levels. There are many programs designed to assure that level of achievement. Along with the academic programs, we offer extra-curricular programs to assure that the school's program is deep and broad and to assure that the children are well-rounded, multi-talented, participatory citizens. Many programs have as their major goal to improve the academic achievement of the targeted children through small group instruction, remediation, and in many situations, counseling. Other unique programs have as their major goal an extracurricular experience that enriches the lives of our children.

## 1. After School Program

The after school program is offered to children in all grades who do not have an adult to receive
them at our regular 4:00 PM dismissal. The two hour program provides homework assistance, snacks, and to the degree possible, recreation. Seventy-five of our students, representing $30 \%$ of the total enrollment attend the program.

## 2. Saturday Academy

Fifty-seven students attended our Saturday Academy Mathematics Program and sixty-five students enrolled in the Saturday Academy ELA Program. The program provided eight weeks of intensive test preparation in English Language Arts and seven weeks in Mathematics, from 9:00AM to 12:00 noon. Attendance was carefully monitored with parents/guardians of absent children receiving a telephone call by 9:15 AM to question the absence.

Teachers were provided with a specific syllabus and text. A pacing chart was provided to teachers to ensure that time on task was carefully followed. Each skill measured on the test was analyzed and addressed with detailed instruction. Children were identified for mandatory participation, as a result of their ITBS pretest score, noted areas of deficiency by the teacher, and in some instances, as a result of parental request.

## 3. Targeted Assistance

Our Targeted Assistance program provided service for 40 minutes per day, five days per week to 35 students. The participating students were selected, as always, as a result of low pretest scores on the ITBS. Classroom teachers and TA teachers have articulation periods that afford the opportunity for joint planning and monitoring of student achievement.

## 4. Extended School Day

All students at Carl C. Icahn Charter School attend classes from 8:30AM to 4:00 PM, with many remaining beyond the school day for tutoring. Our seven and one-half hour day exceeds the schedule of the conventional system schedule of 6 hours and twenty minutes. Our school calendar of 192 days of instruction exceeds the conventional system by 12 days. In addition to the additional instruction and academic support provided to our children, the amount of time spent on non-educational activities is minimized. Other than enrichment activities at our school, the community offers little in the way of meaningful activities for the children.

## 5. Summer Camp

Thirty five of our third, fourth, fifth, sixth and seventh grade children, representing $21 \%$ of the eligible students are attending summer camp for a three week period. The program is provided at no cost to the parents/guardians, since the fee was raised by private contributions. Just as we were concerned with the "summer effect" on inner city children in designing our extended school year, we were again concerned with the negative results of having children idle for the summer. The overall goal of the program is to develop independence, maturity, self esteem and improved peer relationships.

## 6. Unique After School Programs

Our children participated in a wide range of after school activities, designed to foster a team
spirit, cooperation, skills and increased self esteem. Activities included:

- Arts \& Crafts, Dance for a total of 32 students; Track \& Field for 40 students, Basketball for 15 students, Chess team for 14 students.
- We will continue athletic competition through the Charter School Athletic Association. Planned competition will include flag football, volleyball, softball and track.
- Advanced Mathematics for the $6^{\text {th }}$ and $7^{\text {th }}$ grade students, meeting twice weekly from 4:00-5:30, Wednesday and Friday. This is a voluntary program.


## 7. Academic Support

We also provided test taking preparation in the areas of Social Studies for fifth grade children. This program is seen as most significant in our increase on the NYSSS exam from $97 \%$ to $100 \%$. We also provided test taking preparation in Science for fourth grade children with $91 \%$ students reaching Level 3 or higher.

We are proud of our work with our students, which have, for the great majority, enabled them to meet and exceed the state testing standards. We are equally proud of the school culture of enjoyment of hard work and promotion of good character. We look forward to continuing our successful programs and adding additional support. It was our mission from the outset to ask more of our students and families and to provide more. We are excited to continue our work. If anything, we are even more passionate about our mission to provide local children with a rigorous academic program and to graduate hard working, skilled, joyful learners.


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Because of the new testing program, standards for Performance Levels on the 4th and 8th grade tests have changed. As year-toyear comparisons may not be valid, any discussion of trends over time must be approached with caution.

[^1]:    ${ }^{2}$ The chart indicates that 122 students who took the exam were enrolled in at least their second year. The table above shows that 122 students took the exam.

[^2]:    ${ }^{3}$ Under the state's NCLB accountability system, schools are evaluated to determine if they have made Annual Yearly Progress (AYP) based on additional factors besides if they have exceeded the AMO. To facilitate school reporting, the Institute considers the aggregate AMO alone as an absolute measure of performance in ELA and math, aside from the state's system which incorporates the other factors. The state's analysis is presented in its annual accountability report in which it indicates if the school is in good-standing by virtue of having made AYP. See the NCLB Accountability measure below.

[^3]:    ${ }^{4}$ The combined percents for the school total and for the district total are calculated as the weighted mean of the tested grades: $[(\%$ in $\operatorname{Gr} 3) X$ (N tested in Gr 3$)]+[(\%$ in Gr 4$) X(\mathrm{~N}$ tested in Gr 4$)]+[(\%$ in Gr 5$) X(\mathrm{~N}$ tested in Gr 5$)] \quad$ weighted [ N tested in all grades]

[^4]:    ${ }^{5}$ This complex and fair statistical analysis utilizes demographic and state assessment data, which gives schools an opportunity to see where they stand compared to demographically similar schools across the state. The analysis is conducted by CSI staff and presented to the school for incorporation into the annual Accountability Plan Progress Report.

[^5]:    ${ }^{6}$ If a grade－level cohort exceeds 75 percent at or above Level 3 in the previous year，the cohort is expected to show at least an increase in the current year．

[^6]:    ${ }^{7}$ Because of the new testing program, standards for Performance Levels on the 4th grade tests have changed. As year-to-year comparisons may not be valid, any discussion of trends over time must be approached with caution.
    ${ }^{8}$ The chart indicates that 122 students who took the exam were enrolled in at least their second year. The table above shows that 122 students took the exam.

[^7]:    ${ }^{9}$ Under the state's NCLB accountability system, schools are evaluated to determine if they have made Annual Yearly Progress (AYP) based on additional factors besides if they have exceeded the AMO. To facilitate school reporting, the Institute considers the aggregate AMO alone as an absolute measure of performance in ELA and math, aside from the state's system which incorporates the other factors. The state's analysis is presented in its annual accountability report in which it indicates if the school is in good-standing by virtue of having made AYP. See the NCLB Accountability measure below.

[^8]:    ${ }^{10}$ The combined percents for the school total and for the district total are calculated as the weighted mean of the tested grades:

[^9]:    ${ }^{11}$ This complex and fair statistical analysis utilizes demographic and state assessment data, which gives schools an opportunity to see where they stand compared to demographically similar schools across the state. The analysis is conducted by CSI staff and presented to the school for incorporation into the annual Accountability Plan Progress Report.

[^10]:    ${ }^{12}$ If a grade-level cohort exceeds 75 percent at or above Level 3 in the previous year, the cohort is expected to show at least an increase in the current year.

[^11]:    ${ }^{13}$ All parents include those who do not respond to the survey.

